VPM's DR VN BRIMS, Thane

Programme: MMS (2020-22)

Fourth Semester Examination May 2022

Course Name	Change Management & OD	Course Code	MMS-H405
Roll No.		Marks	60
Total No. of Questions	35	Duration	3 Hours
Total No. of printed pages	6	Date	18/05/2022

Course Outcome Statements:

- CO1. Remember the concepts of Organizational Change, OD, and components of Structure and Organizational Culture.
- CO2. Understand various dimensions of change and develop their interconnections with businesses to create powerful teams
- **CO3.** Apply the appropriate change management & OD techniques resulting in the development of the organization.
- CO4. Analyze organizations holistically using various approaches to OD and Change.
- **CO5.** Evaluate the application of OD Interventions techniques for successful change.

Instructions: -

Section I

Q1 (All Questions are Compulsory) From Q2 To Q5 Attempt Any three questions

Section II

All 30 Multiple Choice Questions are compulsory

	SECTION I			
Q. N	o. Questions			
Q1	Case/Case-let Study (500-800 words)	Marks	BL	CO
Q1	Vedanta Resources is a large metals and mining group with annual sales of \$ 1.9 billion. It has a major market share in India and substantial operations in Zambia and Australia with proven transactional, operating, and turnaround skills, Vendanta is seeking growth and opportunities in India and elsewhere to gain a competitive advantage. It has defined its goal as follows: "To generate strong financial returns and create a world-class metals and mining group". The strategy evolved to realize the goal including an initiative to debottleneck plants and improve efficiency. expand output, and reduce costs. Problems The acquisition of a major share in Konkola Copper Mines, Zambia, employing more than 10.000 workers, posed the problem of differences in culture and required interventions for integration. The transition process, post-acquisition, found resistance to change. It was largely due to a lack of professional practices and suspicion. To add fuel to the fire, internal politics played a negative role. In this context, to facilitate change, and align operations to the strategy OD Alternatives Consultancy was brought in.		<u>BL</u>	CO
	Diagnosis			
	This intervention focused on 1500 employees, who were administered by three consultants. The design took 20 days and	l I		
	implementation was spread over 90 days. The diagnosis was done with the help of climate surveys and deep structured			

				,
	interviews. They helped the identification of the existing culture of the organization and the attitudes of employees toward			
	change.			
	Interventions			
	To create change readiness and ownership for change different groups were chosen and interventions were administered.			
	1. Project team drive: A project team was set up to drive the transformation. A two-day intervention focusing on issues			
	like creating escape velocity, resolving people – issues, and building team spirit was carried out.			
	2. Change leaders' workshop: A group of professionals to prepare employees to change by communicating the message			
	of change and clarifying doubts was set up. Two days of workshops were conducted for about 200 middle managers			
	from three business units.			
	3. Train the trainer workshops: About 40 people including employees and some of the union representatives were			
	chosen to be internal training resources. They were made capable of organizing a one-day inspirational session for			
	the workers using the Appreciative Inquiry model.			
	4. Workshops for workers: A large number of workers were involved in an Appreciative Inquiry process in one-day			
	workshops.			
	Alignment and Leadership			
	The restructuring resulted in the formation of several SOU (Strategic Operating Units). To align the new teams to the new			
	business model two-day workshops for around 200 middle management professionals were held. The two-day leadership			
	workshop with upper-middle management engaged participants in a visioning exercise and five leadership competencies			
	listed as follows:			
	1. Lead by example			
	2. Inspire a shared vision			
	3. Break out of your comfort zone			
	4. Empowering others			
	5. Encourage the heart			
	Participants were assessed with a 360-assessment tool, before and after workshops.			
	Cultural Differences			
	It was found that there were differences of opinion and conflicts between Indian and African executives. A one-day			
	intervention on culture sensitivity and conflict resolution was designed the facilitation helped the teams identify differences			
	and develop common working norms for cooperation.			
	Functional Conflicts			
	The organization decided to streamline the commercial/purchase process, by creating a separate department. Earlier the			
	purchase decisions were taken by the operations department. The decision led to huge conflict between the operations and			
	commercial departments. A series of facilitated sessions were conducted for the two departments.	_		
a	v 1	2	Level 3	CO3
b	y g	5	Level 4	CO4
С		2	Level 5	CO5
	ot any THREE questions out of four questions below:			GC 1
Q2 a	Analyze the role of consultant in the process of change management	3	Level 4	CO4

	b.	Is structure determined by Strategy? Yes or No, Justify	4	Level 5	CO5
		Jennifer is a quiet member of staff who likes to have all the details before deciding on whether to give her support to a decision. She is			
		very satisfied with the way she works currently and is reluctant to change when you suggest implementing a new system to deal with			
		enquirers which form a major part of her work allocation.			
Q3	a.	Analyze which resistance to change strategy would you choose in this case.	3	Level 4	CO4
	b.	Evaluate the diagnostic model you would choose for diagnosing an educational institution	4	Level 5	CO5
		There is a problem with employee retention in the organization (BPO). Despite taking various measures the retention rate is low. You			
Q4	a.	have been hired as a consultant to look into the matter. Analyze the situation and suggest what measures will you take in this situation?	3	Level 4	CO4
		"Face the complexity involved in making ethical choices". Do organizations really face complexity while making ethical choices?			
	b.	Assess the ethical practices one should take care of in the process of OD.	4	Level 5	CO5
		Peter is enthusiastic about change as long as the effect on him is positive. If there is any hint of a negative effect on him (even in short			
		term) he behaves in a very different way. He openly agrees with the change but thinks privately (and shares his thoughts with			
		colleagues) that the change will never work and he's looking forward to seeing it all fail. The current change means that Peter has to			
		work for a supervisor who he does not see eye to eye with.			
Q5	a.	Analyze which resistance to change strategy would you choose in this case.	3	Level 4	CO4
	b.	Compare a diagnostic model of change at an organizational level and group level with examples.	4	Level 5	CO5

		All Questions are c	ompulsory					
Q. No.	Question Statement	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4	Marks	BL	CO
MCQ 1	Which of these are 2 types of change?	Step & Incremental	Plan & Unplan	Step & Plan	Incremental & Plan	1	Level 1	CO1
MCQ 2	Which of the following is not a building block for organization structure?	Formalization	Centralization	Departmentali zation	Commercializatio n	1	Level 1	CO1
MCQ 3	Which of these models talk about inspiring people and building teams?	3 step model	Action Research	8 step model	General Model	1	Level 1	CO1
MCO		Collecting data for Organizations' people's problems	Collecting data for taking actions	Systematic collection of data and giving feedback to the organization	Collection of data for the organization's future			
MCQ 4	What is Action Research					1	Level 1	CO1
MCQ 5	Grid organizational development is aphases program	Four	Five	Six	Seven	1	Level 1	CO1
MCQ 6	OD process is cyclical and ends when	Plan is implemented	The desired result is obtained	Data is gathered	Problem is identified	1	Level 1	CO1
MCQ 7	Who developed the concept of process consultation	Blake & Mount	Edgar Schein	Burke	Richard Beckhard	1	Level 1	CO1
MCQ		Planned & Practical Action Research	Participatory & Practical Action Research	Participatory & Planned Action Research	Practical & Progress Action Research			
8	What are the 2 types of action research?					1	Level 1	CO1
MCQ	If the following is not the recent trend in OD					1	Level 1	CO1

9	Technology Impact	Customer	Decision	Innovation		
		Retention	Making			

O No	Question Statement	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4	Marks	BL	CO
Q. No.	Question Statement	Option 1	Option 2	Option 5	Option 4	Marks	DL	CO
MCQ	As per the General Model of Planned Change, complete	Contracting, Diagnosing, Planning, and Evaluating Change	Entering, Planning, Diagnosing, and Evaluating Change	Contracting, Evaluating, Diagnosing, and Implementing Change	Planning, Contracting, Diagnosing, and Evaluating Change			
10	the steps,					1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ 11	Which of the following structures are emerging structures?	Divisional	Network	Matrix	Functional	1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ 12	Which model talks about aligning culture to change	Maturity Model	Transition Model	3 step Model	8 step model	1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ		Problem Diagnosis	Creating Urgency	Strategic Planning	Appointing an OD Consultant			
13	The process of OD begins with					1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ 14	Which of these is not a type of OD Intervention	Team Intervention	Stream Analysis	Survey Feedback	Cultural Intervention	1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ 15	Process consultants work on which of the following principles	Go with the flow	Time is crucial	Be critical of the client	Time is important and also going with the flow	1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ 16	Which of these is not a type of OD Value	Humanistic	Optimistic	Democratic	Positive	1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ 17	What is the new paradigm shift in knowledge management	Networking technology	High Maintenance	Static system	Explicit knowledge	1	Level 2	CO2
MCQ	The diagnosis process ends with	Monitoring results	Analyzing			1	Level 2	CO2

18			results	Evaluation	Feedback			
MCQ								
19	The structure has an indirect influence on	Strategy	Size	Leadership	Technology	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ	When the change is forcefully imposed on the			Manipulatio	Communicatio			
20	employee, organizations are using which tacit	Negotiation	Coercion	n	n	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ		Effectiveness of diagnosis	Interconnections in the problems	Identify the problems	Identify the solution			
21	Stream analysis focuses on establishing					1	Level 3	CO3

Q. No.	Question Statement	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4	Marks	BL	CO
MCQ 22	In which model is the entire process of OD outsourced to a consultant	Doctor-Patient Model	Agent Client Model	Expert Model	Action Research Model	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ 23	During the process of reengineering, the organization promises job security but later lays off many employees, this is an example of	Manipulation	Goal conflict	Coercion	Misrepresentation	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ 24	During diagnosis, initially, the problem is tentatively identified and then confirmed with	Collection of data	Analyzing Data	Evaluating Data	Implementing the data	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ	With globalization becoming a trend, Is not					1	Level 3	
25	concentrated on one person	Authority	Power	Growth	Responsibility	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ 26	OD is now supporting	Interventions	Innovations	Change	Increments	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ 27	Showing more profits on the Balance sheet than actual is an example of	Misrepresentation	Manipulation	Differentiation	Co-option	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ	r			Organizatio				
28	What level of interventions are required today	Customer	Functional	n	Society	1	Level 3	CO3
MCQ 29	Why does change fail	Lack of Planning	Poor communicati on	No Money	Inappropriate Planning and Communicatio	1	Level 3	CO3

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MCQ 30	When change is based on existing norms and values and developing new commitments it is	Normative Strategy	Rational Strategy	Power Strategy	Adaptive Strategy	1	Level 3	CO3