TIN	1E:		<u>SET – I</u>	MARKS:		
Objective Questions: [1×60]						
1.	Non-performing a) Good	assets (NPAs') are _ b) Bad	fo c) No	r a banking company.		
2.	PE Ratio stands a) Price Earnings	for b) Pr	 ofit Earning Ratio	c) Profit Easy Ratio		
2	$\frac{\text{Profit After Tax(PAT)}}{\text{No. of Equity shares}} = \underline{\qquad}$					
3.	a) EPS	b) MPS	c) CMP			
4.	b) Loss cover	erage Ratio rage Ratio verage Ratio				
5.		g Loans Bank uses verage ratio llue ratio				
6.	a) Preference	is the costliest source of finance. b) Equity c) Debt				
7.	CAPM = RF + B a) True		c) Partly False			
8.	Higher β in CAP a) True	M means move risk b) False	y company. c) Partly True			
9.	CAPM can be used to find cost of Equity (ke) a) True b) False c) Partly False					
10.	Current Assets – Current Liabilities = a) Long Term Capital b) Medium Term Capital c) Working Capital					
11	Stocks having lo	wer P/F Ratio are of	enerally considered	25		

11. Stocks having lower P/E Ratio are generally considered as ______.

	a) high growth b) aggressive stocks c) value stocks					
12.	Overvalued stocks should bea) soldb) purchasedc) short sold					
13.	From the following, which one is not fixed income bearing security? a) Equity shares b) Preference shares c) Debentures					
14.	Higher Volatility in the market leads to higher β (Beta) generally.a) Trueb) Falsec) Partly False					
15.	In CAPM, expression Rm-Rf stands for a) market return b) market risk c) Risk Premium					
16.	Higher Risk generally leads higher return.a) Trueb) Falsec) Partly True					
17.	Equity is a risk asset class.a) Trueb) Falsec) Partly True					
18.	Quick Ratio represents solvency in very short period.a) Trueb) Falsec) Partly False					
19.	Calculation of various ratios facilitates appropriate comparison. a) True b) False c) Partly False					
20.	CAPM stands for Capital Asset pricing model. a) True b) False c) Partly False					
21.	Risk Averse means persons who don't want to be take high risk generally.a) Trueb) Falsec) Partly False					
22.	Which of the following is risky security?a) 8% GOI, 2028b) 10% Debenturesc) Shares of TATA motors					
23.	Collection of securities is known asa) Bunchb) Groupc) Portfolio					
24.	CAPM deals with both systematic and unsystematic risk. a) True b) False c) Partly True					
25.	Two major stock exchanges in India. a) NSE & BSES b) CSE & DSE c) RBI & SEBI					
26.	State from the following who is the market regulator?					

	a) IRDA	b) NABARD	c) SEBI		
27.	State which of the following can be classified as alternative Investment.a) Mutual fundb) sharesc) Investment in antiques				
28.	Mutual Funds help investors to diversify their Portfolio. a) True b) False c) Partly False				
29.	Diversification helps to reduce risk. a) True b) False c) Partly False				
30.	Beta (β) measures.a) Systematic riskb) Unsystematic Riskc) Total risk				
31.	$PE \times EPS = MPS$				
	a) True	b) False	c) Partly False		
32.	Higher EPS means higher profitability.a) Trueb) Falsec) Partly False				
	Inventory Turnover Ratio = $\frac{COGS}{Averagestock}$				
33.	a) True	b) False	c) Partly False		
34.	As age grows, it is good to invest more in debt securities rather than equity. a) True b) False c) Partly False				
35.	$MPS \times Number of shares outstanding =$				
	a) Profit	b) Sales	c) Market Capitalization		
36.	Capital expenditure leads to creation of an asset generally.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say				
37.	Revenue expenditure is incurred on day to day basis.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say				
38.	LIFO stands for L a) True	LIFO stands for Low input & fast output. a) True b) False c) Can't say			
39.	Higher COGS lea a) True	ds to higher profit. b) False	c) Can't say		

- 40. Debit what goes out and credit what comes in is rule of Real Account.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say
- 41. LIFO method is useful during inflationary environment. c) Can't say a) True b) False 42. Expense incurred on purchase of land should be added to the cost of land. a) True b) False c) Can't say Process Account helps to calculate cost per unit. 43. c) Can't say a) True b) False 44. Accounting principles and method of applying them means accounting policies. a) True b) False c) Can't say LIFO method is used for recording cost in India. 45. b) False c) Can't say a) True 46. Purchase of heavy machinery is capital expenditure. a) True b) False c) Can't say 47. Personal, Real and Nominal are three types of accounts used in Book keeping. a) True b) False c) Can't say 48. Stock ledger is prepared by Cost accounting department. a) True b) False c) Can't say 49. Going concern is one of the assumptions while preparing financial statements. c) Can't say a) True b) False 50. Straight line method of depreciation leads to recording same amount of depreciation every year. a) True b) False c) Can't say Cash Account is a real Account. 51. a) True b) False c) Can't say 52. Higher closing stock leads to higher profitability. a) True b) False c) Can't say 53. Assets are shown on the credit side of Profit and Loss statement. b) False c) Can't say a) True

- 54.Balance Sheet is Account prepared at the end of every reporting period.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say
- 55. Dividend received is Income to be recorded on debit side of Profit and Loss Account.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say
- 56.SALES minus COGS =Gross Profit.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say
- 57. Income and Gains are recorded on credit side of P&L Account.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say
- 58. Loss on sale of Asset is shown on debit side of P&L Account.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say
- 59.Gross profit Ratio is not useful in service industries.
a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say
- 60. Higher profitability is sign of cost effectiveness in business.a) Trueb) Falsec) Can't say